Roll No

MMTP-102

M.E./M.Tech., I Semester

Examination, November 2019

Thermodynamics and Combustion

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

- *Note:* i) Attempt any five questions.
 - ii) All questions carry equal marks.
- 1. a) Give the Thermodynamic definition of work. State and explain Zeroth Law of thermodynamics. Why it is called so?
 - b) A Barometer reads 76cm of Hg. What would be the absolute pressure of
 - i) A pressure gauge connected to a steam main line leading to inlet of steam turbine reads 28 bar and
 - ii) A vacuum gauge connected to exhaust line of the same turbine reads equivalent to 910cm of water column.

Express the absolute pressure in both cases in KPa.

- 2. a) An ideal gas at a given state expand at a fixed final volume first at constant pressure and then at constant temperature. For which casework done greater.
 - b) What do you mean by Phase and Reaction equilibrium?
- 3. a) Find the enthalpy and internal energy of the steam when the pressure is 2MPa and specific volume is 0.11 m³/kg.
 - b) Write short note on the Joule-kelvin effect.

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- 4. a) Using the principal of first order of transition drive the Clapeyron's equation.
 - b) Explain the generalized compressibility chart.
 - 5. 10kg of air at 100°C is stored in a rigid cylinder of volume 0.05 cubic meters. Calculate the pressure using Van Der Waal's equation of state. The properties of air at critical point are $P_c = 38.467$ bar. $T_c = 137.24$ K and $V_c = 0.093$ m³/ kg mole.
 - 6. a) Determine the fuel gas analysis and air-fuel ratio by weight when a medium viscosity fuel oil with 84.9% carbon. 11.14% Hydrogen, 3.2% Sulphur, 0.4% Oxygen and 0.1% Ash is burned with 20% excess air. Assume complete combustion.
 - b) Explain Laminar and Turbulent flames.
- ~ 7. a) Compare combustion of solid, liquid and gaseous fuels.
 - b) Discuss properties and structures of Pre-mixed end diffusion flames.
 - 8. Write short note on the following: (Any three)
 - a) Define triple point. Write property's (P,V and T) of water at this point.
 - b) Entropy and enthalpy charts
 - c) Spontaneous Ignition Temperature (SIT)
 - d) Define steady state and steady flow