CBSE 12th Physics 2009 Unsolved Paper Outside Delhi

TIME - 3HR. | QUESTIONS - 30

THE MARKS ARE MENTIONED ON EACH QUESTION

SECTION - A

- Q.1. How do metallic and ionic substances differ in conducting electricity? 1 mark
- Q.2. What is the 'coagulation' process? 1 mark
- Q.3. What is meant by the term 'pyro metallurgy'? 1 mark
- Q.4. Why is red phosphorus less reactive than while phosphorus? 1 mark
- Q.5. Give the IUPAC name of the following compound: 1 mark

$$H_2C = CH - CH - CH - CH - CH$$

$$\mid OH$$

- Q.6.Write the structural formula of 1 phenylpentan 1. 1 marone
- Q.7. Arrange the following compounds in an increasing order of basic strengths in their aqueous solutions: 1 mark

$$NH_3$$
, $CHNH_2$, $(CH_3)_2NH_1(CH_3)_3N$

Q.8. What does '6.6' indicate in the name nylon-'6.6'? I mark

SECTION - B

Q.9. What type of cell is a lead storage battery? Write the anode and the cathode reactions and the overall cell reaction occurring in the use of a lead storage? 2 marks

OR

Two half cell reaction of an electrochemical cell are given below:

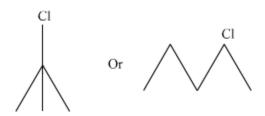
$$MnO_4^-+8H(aq)+5e \rightarrow Mn(aq)+4HO(l), \ E=+1.\ 51VSn(aq) \rightarrow Sn^{4+}(aq)+2eE=+0.\ 51V$$

Construct the redox equation from the two half cell reactions and predict if this reaction favors formation of reactions or product shown in the equation.

Q.10. A solution of $CuSo_4$ is electrolyzed for 10 minutes with a current of 1.5 amperes. What is the mass of copper deposited at the cathode? 2 mark

- Q.11. Describe the underlying principle of each of the following metal refining methods:
 - (i) Electrolytic refining of metals
 - (ii) Vapour phase refining or metals. 2 marks
- Q.12. Complete the following chemical reaction equations. 2 marks
- (i) $XeF_2 + HO \rightarrow$
- (ii) $PH_3 + HgQl \rightarrow$
- Q.13. Complete the following chemical reaction equations: 2 marks
 - (i) $MnO_4^-(aq) + QO_4^{2-}(aq) + H(aq) \rightarrow$
 - (ii) $Cr_2O_7^{2-}(aq) + \vec{Fe}(aq) + ^+(Mq) \rightarrow$
- Q.14. Which one in the following pairs undergoes S_N 1 Substitution reaction faster and why? 2 marks

(i)



(ii)

Q.15. Complete the following reaction equations: 2 marks

(i)

$$\begin{array}{c} & & \\ & & \\ & + \text{ HI} \end{array} \longrightarrow$$

(ii)
$$CH_3CH_2CH = \mathcal{L}H \quad HBr \rightarrow$$

- Q.16. Name the four has bases present in DNA. Which one of these is not present in RNA? 2marks
- Q.17. Name two fat soluble vitamins, their sources and the diseases caused due to their deficiency in diet. 2 marks
- Q.18. Differentiate between molecular structures and behaviors of thermoplastic and thermosetting polymers. Give one example of each type. 2 marks

SECTION - C

- Q.19. A first reaction has rate constant of 0. 0051 min^4 . If we begin with 0.10 M concentration of the reactant. What concentration of the reactant will be left after 3 hours? 3 marks
- O.20. Silver crystallizes with face-centered cubic unit cells. Each side of the unit cell has a length of 409 pm. What is the radius of an atom of silver? (Assume that each face atom is touching the four corner atoms.) 3 marks
- Q21. A copper-silver cell is set up. The copper ion concentration in it is 0.10 M. The concentration of silver is not known. The cell potential measured 0.422 V Determine the concentration of silver ion in the cell. 3 marks

Given:
$$E_{Ag+/Ag}^0 = +0$$
. 80 $V_{Cu^2} + V_{Cu} = +0$. 34 V .

- **Q.22.** What happens in the following activities and why? 3 marks
 - (i) An electrolyte is added to a hydrated ferric oxide sol in water.
 - (ii) A beam of light is passed through a colloidal solution.
 - (iv) An electric current is passed through a colloidal solution.
- **Q.23.** Giving a suitable example for each, explain the following: 3 marks
 - (i) Crystal field splitting
 - (ii) Linkage isomerism
 - (iii) Ambidentate ligand

OR

Compare the following complexes with respect to structural shapes of units magnetic behavior and hybrid orbitals involved in units:

$$[Co(NH_3)_6]^{3+}, [Cr(NH_3)_6]^{3+}, NCO)_4$$

At. Nos: $Co = 27, Cr = 24, Ni = 28$

Q.24. Classify the following as primary, secondary and tertiary alcohols: 3 marks

(i)
$$CH_3$$
 | $CH_3 - C -_2OCH$ | CH_3

(ii)
$$H_2C = CH \frac{}{2}OHCH$$

(iii) $CH_3 - CH - CH - OH$

(iii)
$$CH_3 - CH - CH - OH$$

Q.25. How would you account for the following:

- (i) many of the transition elements and their compounds can act as good catalysts.
- (ii) The metallic radii of the third (5d) series of transition elements are virtually the same as those of the corresponding members of the seconds series.
- (iii) There is a greater range of oxidation states among the actinoids than among the lanthanoids. 3 marks

Q.26. Complete the following reaction equations: 3 marks

(i

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc}
O & & & \\
\parallel & & & \\
R & - & C & & \frac{\text{LiAlH}_4}{2} & & \\
\end{array}$$

(i)
$$C_6H_5N_2Cl + _3HD_2 + _4D \longrightarrow$$

(ii)
$$C_6H_5NH_2 + B_2(aq) \longrightarrow$$

Q.27. Describe the following substance with one suitable example of each type: 3 marks

- (i) Non-ionic detergents
- (ii) Food preservatives
- (iii) Disinfectants

SECTION - D

Q.28. (a) Define the following terms:

- (i) Mole fraction
- (ii) Van't Hoff factor
- (b) 100 mg of a protein is dissolved in enough water to male 10.0 mL of a solution. It this solution has an osmotic pressure of 13.3 mm Hg at $25^{\circ}C$, What is the molar mass of protein? (R=0. 0821 L atm math d 760 mm Hg = 1 a)tm 5 marks

Or

- (a) What is meant by: Colligative properties
- (b) what concentration of nitrogen should be present in a glass of water at room temperature? Assume a temperature of 25° C, total pressure of 1 atmosphere and mole fraction of nitro gen in air of 0.78 [K_H] for nitrogen = 8. $42\frac{10^{-7}M}{mm}$ Hgl

Q.29. (a) Draw the structure of the following:

- (i) $H_2S_2O_8$
- (ii) HClO₄
- (b) How would you account for the following:
- (i) NH_3 is a stronger base than PH_3
- (ii) Sulphur has a greater tendency for catenations than oxygen.
- (iii) F_2 is a stronger oxidizing agent than Cl_2 . 5 marks

- (a) Draw the structures of the following:
 - (i) $H_2S_2O_7$
 - (ii) $HClO_3$
- (b) Explain the following observations:
 - (i) In the structure of HNO_3 , the N-O bond (121 pm) is shorter than the N- (BU) (140 pm).
 - (ii) All the P bounds in PCl_5 are not equivalent.
 - (iii) ICI is more reactive than I_2 .
- Q.30. (a) Write chemical equations to illustrate the following name bearing reactions:
 - (i) Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (ii) Hell-Volhard-Zelinsky reaction
 - (b) Give chemical tests to distinguish between the following pairs of compounds:
 - (i) Propanal and Propanone
 - (ii) Acetophenone and Ben-Zophenone
 - (iii) Phenol and benzoic acid. 5 marks

OR

- (a) How will you bring about the following conversions:
 - (i) Ethanol to 3-hydrixy butanal
 - (ii) Benzaldehyde to Benzophenone
- (b) An organic compound a has the molecular formula $C_8H_{16}O_2$. It gets hydrolyzed with dilute sulphuric acid and gives a carboxylic acid B and an alcohol C. Oxidation of C with chromic acid also produced B. C on dehydration reaction gives but-1-ene. Write equations for the reactions involved.